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THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is the best paper in the world. It contains the latest and most interesting information pertaining to the progress of science and the arts. It is published weekly, and is the most valuable paper for the mechanic, the engineer, the inventor, the farmer, the merchant, and the general reader. It is the only paper that contains the full text of the reports of the various scientific societies, and the full text of the proceedings of the various international exhibitions. It is the only paper that contains the full text of the reports of the various scientific societies, and the full text of the proceedings of the various international exhibitions.

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Citizens' National Bank
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.
Authorized Capital, \$500,000.
DEAL IN
Government and other Securities.
Nov. 14, 1875.

DETECTION AFTER NINE YEARS.

The New York Herald says: In 1876 the little village of Stewartville, N. J., was horrified at the announcement of a most brutal murder. A beautiful young woman named Margaret Hays was found a corpse in the house of her husband, her body having been chopped into fragments with a hatchet, and the fragments thrust into a trap-door in the kitchen. Every exertion was made to discover the guilty party. The husband was driven away by grief and suspicion. One year passed, and another without furnishing any clue and now comes the most wonderful part of the story. It seems almost like fiction--two a range to be true. It has been nine years since the murder and during all this time the mystery has grown deeper and deeper. The scene, however, now changes from the quiet little village of Stewartville to a large and flourishing city in the West--from the little house along the Morris Canal, in New Jersey, to No. 43 Campbell street, Cleveland, Ohio. In this house, upon a certain night, a man named John Cunningham is furiously beating his wife; he has her down upon the floor and is about to crush her face with his heel, when in terror, she cries out:

"Don't, don't for God's sake! or you will murder me as you murdered that woman in Jersey."

Cunningham a few days after was placed in gaol for abusing his wife. The cry which the woman uttered was overheard by one James G. Duffy, a lawyer, who as soon as Cunningham left the house, approached the woman and told her he had heard the remarks she made while Cunningham was beating her. He asked her first what it meant. The woman appeared terrified and alarmed and refused to tell. She said she hated Cunningham and deeply feared him, yet when in his presence did every thing he asked her to. Finally, after much urging, she told everything found in the sequel.

THE WOMAN'S STATEMENT.
My name is Elizabeth Reid. Though I have lived with John Cunningham a great many years, and had children by him, we have never been married. Nine years ago we lived opposite Easton, Pa., in New Jersey. One morning in Feb. 1867, Cunningham arose early in the morning and told me he was going off. He took a hatchet with him that I had cut kindling wood with the night before. He had worked on the Morris and Essex Railroad. He came back in the evening looking very strangely. I saw that he had blood upon his clothing. I was alarmed, and asked him what he had been doing. He said he had been down the road a few miles. Then taking hold of me he told me that he had killed a woman and thrown her down a little hatchet. I saw that he did not have the hatchet with him. He said that he had gone into the house to get her money, for it was just after her husband's pay day, and that he feared the woman would "blow" on him, he had killed her with the hatchet. He said the struggle was a very hard one, and at one time the woman almost got the best of him. He then cautioned me to keep still. I feared the man so I dared not keep still; if he ever got free from his jail again I am sure he will kill me as he killed her. The next day I heard every one talking about the terrible affair. Cunningham went away and was gone three months, during which time I hid a letter from him, in which he wanted to know whether there were any rumors about the affair. It was only the other night when I thought he was going to kill me that I betrayed the secret I had kept so long.

ARREST OF CUNNINGHAM.
Officer from Stewartville were sent for and went to the place where Cunningham was held for beating his wife, arrested him, and he is now in the jail awaiting trial.

The husband of the murdered woman has not been heard from for three years, but it is hoped that this account will meet his eye, as his evidence will be valuable in fixing the guilt of the accused.

NOTES FOR THE TIMES.
From the Baltimore Gazette.
Grant's Cabinet do not exactly "fold up their tents like the Arabs," but they "silently steal away."
Grant is having considerable practice as a cabinet maker. Belknap is expected soon to begin to make shoes.
Grant's silence gives a secret; in fact, there is a great moral stench in the administration. All are "stealing and giving odor."
The organs are not quite so loud as they used to be in denunciation of the detective press and ex-Congressmen.
Last December, in his annual message, the President endeavored to convince the country that the great danger which threatened it was the school question. "Wonder what he thinks now?"
Boss Sheppard intended to renounce Babcock on his return; after his triumphant acquittal, but Bab declined, because he feared the band would unfailingly play "Still so gently after me stealing."

TEXAS BORDER AFFAIRS.

New York, April 8. The Herald special from Brownsville, Texas, says that a few days since a party including General Diaz, with his army of about 1,000 men, appeared before Matamoros. General Diaz, commanding the Mexican army, sent out a force of 300 men under General Tule to attack him. These soldiers deserted and went over to Diaz. The national guard, in the city, was strong, and the artillery, placed on a single shot when ordered by General Diaz. The revolutionists kept advancing, whereat the government troops went over to them, except the Ninth cavalry, which remained firm after some fighting. De La Barron, seeing he was betrayed, left the city with a squad of the Ninth cavalry, succeeded in crossing the river, and is now in Brownsville. General Diaz is in Matamoros, and has been received with great rejoicing. Fighting is now going on at San Fernando and Coma Madre, a fortification in the suburbs of Matamoros, by a remnant of the government troops under the command of Col. S. Cristo and Parrot, who refuse to surrender. Artillery is roaring, and the contest is uncertain. Hundreds of families from Matamoros have been pouring into Brownsville for the past week in anticipation of a battle, and the greatest excitement prevails on both sides of the river. Officers and troops who crossed over to Texas have been arrested and disarmed by General Potter and taken to Fort Brown, under orders of the Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, April 3, 1876.
The following telegram has been received by the Secretary of the Navy:
Brownsville, Texas, April 1.--Hon. Geo. M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.: Am under way for Matamoros. Will confer with consul and report.

[Signed] H. L. JOHNSON,
Commanding U. S. steamer Rio Bravo.
Matamoros, April 1.--Hon. Geo. M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.: Have conferred with consul. Revolutionists about twelve hundred strong, within sight of the city, and an attack momentarily expected. The immediate danger apprehended is that the government troops will join the insurgents and sack the city. Principal business houses closed. City in a state of panic. Many Mexican and foreigners fleeing to Brownsville, including the German consul and Mexican officials and their families. Am in position to effectively use all the force at my command, which may be insufficient when the general outbreak occurs.

[Signed] H. L. JOHNSON,
Commanding.
Matamoros, April 2.--Hon. Geo. M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D. C.: The insurgents under Perillo Diaz took possession of the city this morning, meeting with very little opposition. Up to the present this perfect order is maintained. General Barron, with about twenty men, escaped to Brownsville. I can see no prospect of the Mexican government retaking Matamoros for some time, as all of its troops in this vicinity have either surrendered or joined the insurgents.

[Signed] H. L. JOHNSON.
The above telegrams were shown by the Secretary of the Navy to the President and the Secretary of State, and orders were immediately issued to the American consul at Matamoros and to Commander Johnston to protect American citizens and American interests and to keep the government at Washington thoroughly advised of the progress of the revolution.

Washington, March 28.--In the War Department investigation J. E. Barron was sworn to-day, and testified that he was appointed post-trader at Fort Union by Gen. Grant, while he was general of the army. He said: D. W. D. Bernard, brother-in-law of John C. Dent, wrote a letter to Gen. Grant, in which he asked the place for me, stating that he was to get one-third of the profits.

Question: Are you sure of that?
Answer: Yes, sir. He showed me the letter. It stated he was to have one-third of the profits.
Barron stated that after he had held the place some time Bernard was appointed. After being thus supplanted he wrote to Grant complaining of the treatment, but got no answer. Bernard is now bank examiner in St. Louis. On account of the terms forced upon him he was forced to settle with his creditors at forty cents on the dollar. He was financially ruined by the transaction.

Q. What means had you of knowing that Bernard had influence with General Grant?
A. Well, he lived with Bernard in St. Louis when he was a poor man.
She asked him if her new dress wasn't as sweet as a spring rose, and the brute said it was even to the minor attraction of still having a little skin on it.
To live well is a glory; to die well is a bliss.

JOHN GUNN'S ESCAPE FROM WOLVES.

Being a cutter in the employ of Messrs. McLaren & Co., on the Gila River, set out on the morning of the 25th of February, in company with two Indians, to ascertain if any trespasses had been committed on a limit owned by that firm. The district is remarkable only for its mountainous character, the range being called Mount Diablo, or Devil's Mountain. I took my horse along with me so long as a season track enabled me to do so, when I tied him up and continued the journey on foot. We had gone only about four miles when one of the Indians, a very cunning and experienced hunter, solemnly warned me to turn back, as there were unmistakable indications of wolves being in close proximity, but I made up my mind to keep on my way, and my contempt for the prophetic words of the Indian came near costing me dearly.

Approaching the foot of the mountain, I believed in full view, and only a short distance away on a small eminence, a pack of wolves, twenty-seven in number, devouring the remains of a deer. The only resource for safety was retreat or to climb a tree, but on turning about I found that the two Indians had gone. I saw to my revolver immediately, and determined to live as long as I could, and to sell my life as dearly as possible.

I began the retreat, however, with all the haste that my physical powers were capable of, but was soon alarmed by hearing the howling of the wolves in pursuit. I have always prided myself on my fleetness of foot, as I have seldom met my equal, but in this race with wolves I lost ground very fast. I quickly realized that the attempt to escape was vain, for at the rate of going I could not hold out long, and concluded to climb a tree, and though it took me but a very few moments to reach a convenient bough, I was none too quick for the pack was high on hand.

They drew up in line about ten yards from the tree, and, considering the opportunity a good one, I commenced to blaze away at them with deadly effect, no less than four falling in answer to seven shots. This destructive fire did not abate their fury in the least, and I proceeded to draw my second revolver, when, unfortunately, it caught in a twig and was jerked out of my hand to the ground.

My buffalo coat I had left in the cutter, and, being very thin, I began very soon to experience the effects of the cold. The wolves I believe, realized my helplessness, and became bold accordingly. They walked up to the foot of the tree, which was a very small one, and as they could not reach me by leaping, they began to gnaw it down. Taking out my knife I cut the longest limb I could reach and leaving a hook on the end of it I caught hold of a large cedar tree about ten feet off, and as the wolves continued gnawing and my perch got more and more unsteady, I pulled in the pole and drew the tree over toward the cedar. With a desperate exertion, and after several minutes of deep anxiety, I succeeded in gaining the cedar, and took up a safe position among the branches.

The wolves uttered a fierce howl and took their departure, but I did not venture to descend from my perch until the last sound from them was faintly heard from the distant hills on reaching the place where I had left my horse I found that he had got frightened and had gone. I was about striking out in pursuit when I espied the two Indians, who were endeavoring to secure two young moose, which they had got into a kind of cryesee at the base of a high rock. I turned in with them and we succeeded in taking them alive and unhurt. We carried them to Mr. Valent's shanty, where they will remain until we can get them down to Ottawa. The Indians had courage enough to go back and skin the wolves.

ODD THOUGHTS.

A helping hand to one in trouble is often like the switch on the railroad track--but one inch between wreck and smooth-rolling prosperity.

Sleep--death's younger brother; and so like him that I never dare trust myself with him without saying my prayers--Sir Thomas Brown.

Riches are the baggage of virtue. They cannot be spared or left behind; but they hinder the march.--Bacon.

'Tis with our judgments as our watches. None are the same, yet each believes his own.--Pope.

Woman remark manners far more than character. The mental force that might be compressed and pointed into a javelin, they splinter into tiny darts, to stick all over the features, complexion, attitude and drapery.--John Foster.

Friendship may, and often does, grow into love; but love never subsides into friendship.--Byron.

We wear our teeth out in the hard denegery of the outset, and at length, when we get bread to eat, we complain that the crust is hard, so that in neither case are we satisfied.--Scott.

THE ELECTION IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The "Duch have taken Holland"--that is to say the little republic State of New Hampshire, with a republican Governor and a republican Legislature has agreed in the recent election to continue under republican rule, notwithstanding the Belknap, Babcock, Grant flare up in its camps. Surely this little State of Belknap would not disturb the equanimity of our "wooden nutmeg" friends among the "Granite hills. Have they not listened for the last ten years to greater wonders than this? Have not whole States been plundered by high officials? Have not the sovereign States been destroyed by the military power in the time of peace? Have not Governors, Congressmen, State Treasurers, all been impeached--indicted and driven into obscurity, on account of crime, fraud and swindling on the most gigantic scale?

Then why expect sudden alarm among our sturdy New England States? All this has no effect, when Blaine or Wadsworth Phillips cries out, Rebel, Kuklux, Jeff Davis, Union, &c. These are the apes which will to sleep these Christians, Union loving patriots of New England. The New York Herald says, this election has no more significance than a Township election in New York. That paper says, the majority is so small that a little money at any time can change the result, and in this case the Republicans had the longest purse. We expected but little from this State, and therefore we have no cause of surprise or disappointment. Returns however show that the Democrats have made a gain in the Legislature.

We are glad to see it stated that Congressman Hill denies that he has been preparing a speech defending the right of secession. A Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer reports him as making this picturesque comment on the subject: "I see the radical papers are calling on men, now that the New Hampshire election is over, to make the speed of secession that I have been holding back on account of the New Hampshire election. This is a most infernal lie; I was amused to see even a paper in my own State calling on me, if I had such a speech, to suppress it. This is a lie started by the mass over there!" and he nodded his head toward Blaine's side of the house. "Fact of it is, I never had any such speech prepared. I could not deliver a secession speech without studying the record of my life. I have made hundreds of speeches against secession, but never one for it. I always fought Yancey and Rhett. During that debate the other day I sat and looked at Blaine while he was speaking. It seemed to me that the spirit of Yancey and Rhett had found habitation in his body, and there was only one thing that shook my belief in the doctrine of the transmigration of souls, and that was the contemptible littleness of the man's nature, which drove him to seek refuge in it! Yancey and Rhett were bitter opponents, but they were too manly to be little or dishonorable! All sections of this country have favored secession, but the issue is now dead forever, and no one but a madman or fool would attempt to revive it."

Washington, March 28.--Articles of impeachment against Belknap will be reported Thursday.
The Spencer investigation committee have adjourned to Thursday, when Gen. Morgan will close his case.
Sargent of Massachusetts, denies having paid Belknap \$12,000 for contracts.
The Committee on Military Affairs have agreed to the bill for gradually abolishing negro regiments.

The select committee on the Freedman's Bank have prepared a bill for the management and winding up of that institution.
Coghlan was to-day confirmed chief justice of Utah.
A terrible wind and rain prevailed here this evening.

ABOUT HATING.

Hate not. It is not worth your while. Your life is not long enough to make it pay to cherish ill will or hard thoughts towards any one. What if this man has cheated you, or that woman played you false? What if this friend has forsaken you in your time of need, or that one, having won your utmost confidence, your warmest love, has concluded that he prefers to consider and treat you as a stranger? Let it all pass. What difference will it make to you in a few years when you go to the undiscovered country? All who ill-treat you now will be more sorry for it then than you, even in your deepest disappointment and grief, can be. A few more smiles, a few more pleasant, kind pats, a little longer hugging and worrying through the world, some hasty greetings and abrupt farewells, and our play will be played out. The injured will be led away and ere long forgotten. Is it worthy to hate each other?

A patient lot of men--the Job pig-tails.

"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

The following incident, I think, ought not to be lost. I would be glad to know that none of our people read it in the present epoch of civilization.

A little town, in--well I will not call names--had been about deserted by the Methodist preachers, because no one would invite them home to dinner after preaching. A preacher, (a man after his own head,) took in the situation, and determined on bringing about a change in that place. He was a man of parts, loved the Church, was zealous, and did not know how to surrender. Passing through the little town on a certain occasion, he engaged a "hand" to go to the Academy on a certain Sunday morning, and ring the bell long and loud, and announce to all inquires that they would have Methodist preaching in the town that day.

The day came, and brought the preacher and a crowd, and the preacher, and a crowd of the curious. Said the preacher, on opening the service, "we will first read a chapter from the Old Testament, and one from the New, during which you will all keep your seats. We will then give out a hymn. We will read over the hymn first, and then go back and read the two first lines, after which some one will set the tune. We will stand up and sing. After the hymn, prayer; during which we will all kneel. After prayer, we will give out another hymn, reading it as before. During the singing of the second hymn, you will all keep your seats. Mind you! Stand up for the first hymn, sit down for the second. I will then announce my text, and preach as I may be able. After the sermon, we will have another song--the lining as before--during which you will stand. After this hymn, prayer again, during which all will kneel as before. I will then make any announcements that I may wish to make, after which we will all stand and sing the doxology, and be dismissed; and then some one will come up and ask me to go home with him to dinner and I will go."

Matters were less wood-bound about there after that.

TOUCHY PEOPLE.

BY S. F. S.

Of all the disagreeable people in the world, next to downright bores, we know none who are more to be dreaded than the touchy. Why, this class are all the time looking for slights or a cause for offense, and being always on the alert they are constantly being touched. An unguarded friend drops a single word, no offense intended, and the touchy individual takes all as if intended for him, and goes putting and saying hard things of his neighbor, and all because of a misunderstanding. Reader, did you ever notice how small a matter often sets a whole community in commotion, and it always comes of the suspicious, ill-natured people who are always ready to take every word thoughtlessly uttered as intended for their especial benefit. When we learn these characters, we never feel easy in their presence. We never feel secure from being suspicious and charged with trying to hurt their feelings or injure them. Consequently we learn to shun them as we would a pestilence, and so do all who suffer this unfortunate trait. My advice is not to take offense too easy. Have pride and self-respect, with due allowance for others feelings, and you will make your self agreeable to all.

Snakey the best thing in snakeology is not to get bit. The next best thing is to know how to get cured when you are bit. Here is the remedy. It is no patent medicine advertisement either.

KEROSENE A CURE FOR SNAKE-BITES.
The Aberdeen (Mass.) Examiner says that kerosene oil is an effective antidote for the bite of a snake when applied externally. It says that a little child of Mr. C. M. Jones was bitten by a highland moccasin, and perfect relief and cure was obtained by application of this oil. It further says that a valuable dog was bitten by a "cotton mouth" and was in a dying condition when the first external application of the oil was made, but obtained instant relief, and was up and running in two or three hours.

Boston, March 28.--The Post publishes an account of an interview with Gen. Kilpatrick. He denied that he left Washington to escape testifying before the investigating committee, and says he is ready to swear that Gen. Britcherfield offered him \$20,000 to assist him in securing the New York collectorship. He can bring half dozen witnesses who saw the offer in writing.

BRIGHT DAYS.--In the lives of the saddest of us there are bright days, when we feel as if we could take the dreariest world into our arms. Then comes gloomy days, when the fire will neither burn on our hearths nor in our hearts, and all without and within is dismal, cold and dark. Believe me, every heart has its secret sorrows, which the world knows not of, and afflines we call a man cold when he is only sad.

We are told that nothing was made in vain. But how about a fashionable girl? Isn't she made in vain.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 12, 1876.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Geh. W. R. Cox,

OF WAKE.

DISTRICT CONVENTION.

A Convention of the Democratic Conservative voters of the Fourth Congressional District will be held in the city of Raleigh on Tuesday the 15th day of June next, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress and a Presidential Elector, and selecting two delegates to the St. Louis Convention. A full attendance is earnestly desired. Each county will be entitled to one vote for every one hundred votes and fractional part over fifty given for Harrison in 1862.

By order of the District Executive Committee.

H. A. LONDON, Jr.,

March 31st.

Chairman.

THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

The Democratic majority has undertaken a work which interests the whole country, of which the country must not weary of hearing until that work is finished. It is true the repetition of the names of Babcock and Belknap and Robeson and others tire by their frequent recurrence. They are supplement names and they suggest supplement subjects. But the subjects are what are of special interest to the fortunes of the country, for they are the outward signs of the inward corruption that has so nearly worked the ruin of the country, and which, but for a Democratic Congress, would have worked on until ruin was complete.

Each one of these names stands for a separate and distinct species of attack upon the treasure of the country and the means of the people. Babcock, associated with the conspirators of the whiskey ring, was engaged in a combination by which millions had been stolen, and by which millions more would have gone. Belknap illustrated the force of bribery by which office was put up for sale, and a faithful officer of the Cabinet was enabled to live in luxury on resources really wrung from the ill paid soldier. Robeson, another member of the Cabinet illustrates the mode of getting rich by the abuse of the contract system, by which his own pockets were filled, and the sea covered with a fleet of ill conditioned vessels.

These three are only partial illustrations of what pervades every department of the government, the combined effects of which are to keep the national debt up to the highest point, to maintain taxation without reduction, to embarrass finances, to destroy business, to impoverish the people—while the great army of office holders still draw their huge salaries, still plunder the people and still live as if they were never to be brought to a reckoning.

And this last is what the Democratic Congress is aiming to do and what they must be sustained in. They have taken up the fight for the people as against the office holders. And it is a fight that radical tactics has made so difficult that they must not be left alone. The issue of this fight is very far from being determined, for, it will not end by driving a few Cabinet officers into disgrace, or throwing a few revenue conspirators into the Penitentiary, but it must go on through the whole presidential campaign, until the whole party of these corrupt principles be driven out of possession.

This is the work of the people.

CONNECTICUT ELECTIONS.

New Hampshire a few weeks ago went wrong and gave the Republican party additional encouragement. Connecticut on the 3rd instant went right and threw that party into despair again. The one State is considerably more honest than the other, for while in New Hampshire every body displays his vote for sale to the highest bidder, in Connecticut men seem governed by some sense of honor, and use the ballot as the representative of principle. The vote is close always. The Republicans were a little time in the ascendancy, but little by little the Democrats overtook them, and for the last two or three years, have been in the majority. On the 3rd Ingersoll Dem. was elected by a majority of about 4000, and the Democrats gain 22 in the Legislature having a majority of 83 on joint ballot. A Democrat to succeed Mr. Ferry, Gen. S. is one of the direct fruits of this victory, but the most important result is the lead Connecticut takes in a rebuke to the administration.

Honesty and purity in government are so essential to the prosperity of the country, that the success in Connecticut must be a subject of sincere satisfaction.

The soldiers of 1812 who were stricken from the rolls, have been restored, and will hereafter share the bounty of the country. There are only 120 left in the South.

COL. POOL.

Reports have been active during the past week of the malfeasance of the Superintendent of Public Instruction in regard to the management of the Peabody fund of which he is the custodian. There is enough foundation for the rumor to make it imperative on Col. Pool to make a full explanation, and to show that the fund is intact. Unless he can show this and that this fund has always been sacred in his hands, he has forfeited his pledges not only in regard to that fund but also to his party. That party can not afford to carry the burden of discreditable acts it is charging upon the other party. That party will not defend Col. Pool except upon the clearly established ground of innocence. If there be any well founded imputation upon Col. Pool, the State Executive Committee should demand his immediate resignation.

Col. P. promises to produce a complete exoneration of himself. No doubt the fund will be amply secured and the beneficiaries lose nothing. But the sense of the party will exact a clean record throughout its whole management.

There is another revolution in Mexico, and the insurgents have possession of Matamoros. There are many of our readers familiar from personal experience with the country along the Rio Grande and with the character of the Mexican soldiers, and therefore it will not surprise them to learn that the Government troops went over to the insurgents without firing a shot.

The Senate of the United States was on Wednesday organized into a Court of Impeachment to try ex-Secretary Belknap. The Senators were sworn in by Chief Justice Waite, and the Court adjourned until the 17th inst.

The people in California have become very sick of the Chinese, and seem disposed to drive them out bodily. A meeting of ten thousand was held in San Francisco on Thursday to take measures to get rid of them. The population is excited enough to make it possible they might massacre the heathen if they could not get rid of them in any other way.

Silver change will soon be put out to replace the fractional currency, and we hope when it comes out it will be allowed to circulate and not be hidden away in old stockings. Silver is much prettier and more convenient than paper, but it is less valuable under the decline in the value of silver, a silver dollar not being worth as much as a paper dollar.

The Queen of England will hereafter have added to her titles that of Empress of India. Her Indian Empire is larger than the United States and contains about two hundred millions of inhabitants. And it is not unutilized. There are about 10,000 miles of railroads in India, and its cotton production is next to that of the United States.

Last year the expenses of the Marshals of Mississippi were \$35,000. This year they were \$6,000. So much for the care of investigating committees.

The President's salary has been brought back to the old Washingtonian standard. Grant will have the satisfaction of knowing that he was the dearest if not the best, President the United States ever had.

The Farmville Mercury well says that nothing can save this country from continual corruption but

1st. Educational and Property Franchises.

2nd. The removal of subordinate offices from the domain of party politics.

3rd. Abolition of all pay to Congressmen and State Legislators.

4th. The reduction of the Presidency to nominal honors as head of the nation, and the establishment of responsible Cabinet government.

These are just as much impedence in a person coming into a printing office and carrying off papers without authority, as there is going into a dry goods store and taking out a yard of calico.—Express.

We are indebted to the Hon. A. M. Seales for a copy of his speech on the transfer of the Indian Bureau from the Interior to the War Department, and on the reduction of the President's salary, delivered in the House of Representatives on March 23rd.

The Treasury of the United States received on last Tuesday two hundred thousand dollars in dimes and a hundred thousand in quarters.

The Boston Journal (Republican) thus goes for Grant's nepotism: We hope the next President of the United States will have very few relatives. In fact, if he should happen to be a man who was picked up on a door-step, it would be a tremendous point in his favor.

HARD TIMES.

From all over the land goes up the loud wail of hard times. There is a perfect unanimity in the cry. No money, and there is more than mere truth in it. It is gone to its safe hiding places and there is no reliable confidence among men that it cannot be gotten out. Business languishes because men do not trust each other, or because they have no confidence in any financial scheme in existence or proposed for the future. And so men wait for what wisdom or accident may bring forth, and so everything stands still as if smitten with business paralysis.

It is satisfactory to learn, that the condition of North Carolina is more cheering than that of other States. Here at least people have made something to eat, and their great diversity of crops as compared with other States gives them advantages which others do not possess. Yet, though on the right road, the State is still far off from full prosperity, for in many sections she too has worked for a single object, and is at the mercy of others, and a subject of the general depression. True good policy can make her perfectly independent, and then she can await the return of a day when she can share in the prosperity of the whole.

Those who are familiar with watering places will regret to learn that the splendid Vau de l'Eau hotel at Sewell's Point below Norfolk was burned on Wednesday night by an incendiary. The loss was about \$50,000.

In the preliminary trial of the State vs. Howerton for libel, the defendant was bound over to the coming term of the Superior Court of Wake.

Judge Kerr will hold the Spring term of Wayne Superior Court, exchanging Courts with Judge Seymour who will hold that of Orange.

The Venerable Bishop Johns of the Episcopal Church of Va., died at Alexandria on Wednesday night at the age of 80.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON D. C., April 9th.

The Connecticut election has resulted in a grand Democratic victory and fully offsets the purchase of New Hampshire by the Republicans. The Democratic majority in the Legislature is largely increased, though there is a small falling off in the majority for Governor Ingersoll that is accounted for by the vote for the greenback candidate. It is the first time that Connecticut in a presidential year has gone Democratic and is an omen of success this fall. The managers of the impeachment presented the articles to the Senate on Tuesday, and the Senate was sworn as a Court on Wednesday and appointed Monday April 17th as the day for Belknap to answer. The first question, that of whether the Senate can try a man who has resigned in one of surpassing interest, of far more weight than merely whether Belknap shall be convicted, for it establishes a precedent. The House is now meeting three nights in the week to discuss the Legislative, Executive and Judicial appropriation bill. The Democrats are showing commendable industry, but the Republicans are at every step, fighting the reductions made in the estimates and in every way are clogging legislation. The report transferring the Indian Bureau to the War department came up on Thursday, and will excite a long and acrimonious debate. It will not be decided by party lines or party vote, as leading men in both parties occupy different positions on this question. Mr. Hamlin made a long speech in the Senate Wednesday in defense of his postal bill and defending himself from the charges made against him in the papers on that subject. A determined effort will be made this session to restore the Franking privilege and as the printing of official stamps cost over \$50,000 per annum. I am inclined to think that its restoration in a modified form will not be amiss.

The Spencer investigation is conducted by Senator Morton's committee, will result in giving the champion Carpet-Bag Suter a complete white-washing. This he knew would be the result with Morton as the chief investigator. The Bloody Shirt committee, who are to go to Mississippi in search of the ensanguined undergarment to wave during the campaign, consists of "hole in the sky" Boutwell, the Groton Grocer; Oglesby the blatant, who comes from "there yere boundless prairie-ree of Bel-a-roy." Cameron of Wisconsin, and Bayard and McDonald. This committee is sent under the Morton resolution and is intended solely to manufacture political capital, and we may expect to see the country flooded with accounts of every murder or riot committed in Mississippi since the days when Hernan De Soto first stood upon the banks of the great river from which the State is named. Senators Bayard and McDonald should be careful to ascertain dates from the witnesses examined or the killing of De Soto will be accounted as an attempt to "intimidate the colored voter."

The various investigations in the House continue to reveal corruption in every branch of the Government, from the very sanctuaries of the President to the outermost borders. Nothing else could be expected for if the heart is diseased pure blood cannot flow through the arteries and veins. Secretary Chandler has been before Olymers committee, and Secretary Robeson will be asked to explain certain of his transactions.

Secretary Robeson has seemed to a very great extent to manufacture political capital. The appropriation being exhausted for lighting and heating the public buildings, he directed that the gas and water should be turned off during the night. In the House of Representatives this would have been a grand opportunity and Secretary Robeson would have been a severe blow to Congress will probably inquire how the appropriation intended to last until the first of July was exhausted by the 6th of April, and his reply will find the question hard to answer.

The speech delivered by Mr. Atkins of Tennessee, in favor of the Texas and Pacific railroad bill has produced a marked change in favor of that measure. He so clearly showed the need of the road and, that under the proposed bill the government is perfectly secured from loss, several members who formerly opposed the introduction of the bill at the present time, on the grounds of expediency, now favor it the same reason, as when it is clearly explained.

The buildings for the Centennial are nearly all complete and all ready for the reception of goods, but the home exhibitors are not sending in their goods as rapidly as they should. The local papers should urge the exhibitors to be prompt. The foreign exhibitors are on hand and many of their articles in place. The Smithsonian Institute has forwarded a large and very interesting list and the government will be represented in all the departments doubtless having even a first class thief on hand.

RENO.

Washington, April 6.—Senate. The Judiciary Committee reported with amendments the House bill passed on Tuesday making the time three years for pending indictments with an amendment. Calendar.

The Judiciary Committee reported adversely on a bill abolishing capital punishment.

Judiciary Committee reported favorably on bill for deficiency in the Printing and Engraving Bureau and gave notice that it would call it up on Monday, Calendar.

A number of private bills passed. The third class mail matter was resumed with no action.

The Judiciary Committee reported adversely on bill making persons charged with crimes competent witnesses in Federal Courts.

Executive Session; adjourned to Monday. House.—Senate bill fixing the President's salary at \$25,000 passed without discussion.

The bill exempting masters of vessels engaged in trade between the United States and British North America or the West Indies or Mexico, and the masters of vessels of less than 75 tons burden bound from a port on the Atlantic to a port on the Pacific and vice versa from the necessity of shipping their crews or procuring their shipping articles to be signed before a shipping Commission; passed.

The Hawaiian treaty was discussed at some length without action.

Legislative appropriation resumed and will be continued to-night.

Washington, April 6.—The World special says the difference between Belknap and Robinson is that Belknap received his per centage direct, Robinson through his best friends.

Senator Cattell's brother received nearly \$150,000 commission on contracts with Matthews and Co; New York woolen dealers.

San Francisco, April 6.—Ten thousand attended. Gen. Irwin presided. The resolutions recite the evils flowing from Chinese immigration and local measures for relief failing—our resource was to appeal to a treaty-making power. A delegation was ordered to Washington to urge immediate action. A cordon of police was around the Chinese town during the meeting. The Chinese have purchased weapons largely. The city quiet.

Washington, April 5.—Secretary of War Taft has issued his official re-establishing the headquarters of the army at Washington, where it is to be hereafter permanently located in time of peace, and all orders or instructions relative to military operations or affecting the control and discipline of the army, issued by the President through the Secretary of War, shall be promulgated through the General of the army.

THE EARLY BALLOTS IN THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

[N. Y. Herald.]

It is already certain that at least six candidates will be voted for in the earlier ballots at Cincinnati. The number of delegates from each State is double its electoral votes, and on the first ballot Senator Conkling will receive 65 of the 70 from New York (Mr. Curtis being the exception); Governor Hayes the 44 from Ohio; Governor Hartranft the 58 from Pennsylvania; Mr. Maine most of those from New England, with a small addition from one or two Western States; Senator Morton the 30 from Indiana, with some Southern and Western additions; and Secretary Bristow the 20 from Kentucky, with probable additions. The first ballot will therefore be no index to the final result, and no political prophet or seer of a prophet can predict the choice of the Convention. It is the case of each candidate to magnify his prospects and exaggerate his gains, because if the opinion were widely diffused that any one is particularly strong, that opinion would make him strong. No candidate understands this kind of tactics better than Mr. Blaine, and while he is making more progress than any of his rivals he is also more active in plying all newspaper men whom he can directly or indirectly reach with the story of his gains.

SOMETHING NEW!

CALL AND SEE

In the Language of Virginia's distinguished Son.

We bow to the will of the People.

AND on the 1st day of January 1876, open the

BRICK STORE

known as the Berry's Building, with a general line of

GROCERIES.

Consisting in part of

COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, MOLASSES, BACON, LARD, SOAP, PEPPER, CANNED GOODS, CRACKERS, PICKLES, CHEESE, CONCENTRATED LYE, &c. &c.

Which we propose to sell at LOWEST Market rates. In addition to GROCERIES, we will keep,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE & HARDWARE.

Soliciting a share of the Patronage of the Citizens, and the Buyers, who visit this Market.

We subscribe ourselves

KIRKLAND & CO.,

WE will take, CORN, WHEAT, OATS, &c, in exchange for Goods. Colbie Clark is with us, and will be pleased to see his old friends.

Dec. 22 ly.

Mrs. Mattie Taylor, MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER, FARMERS' HALL, HILLSBORO, N. C.

LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN'S HATS and spring Millinery. Just to hand Call at MRS. TAYLOR'S.

If you can't be suited come to Mrs. Taylor's, she just what you want or will furnish by express no charge. Will receive weekly the latest novelties in Millinery Goods. Be sure to call.

April 9th.

MRS. MATTIE TAYLOR

HILLSBORO MILITARY ACADEMY.

UNDER this name the Institution, lately known as HORSER & GRAVES'S School, will, in consequence of the withdrawal of Mr. J. C. HORSER, be conducted by the subscriber. Circulars containing full particulars can be had by application to Maj. D. H. HAMILTON, until the 1st of Jan., and afterwards to the Principal also. In the mean time the public are assured, that a thorough course of instruction and discipline will be maintained, and the School placed on an equal footing with the best Classical and Military Institutions in the country. The Spring Session of 1876 will open on Monday the 17th of Jan.

R. H. GRAVES.

PURCELL LADD & CO., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, 1215, Main St., Corner of 13th RICHMOND, VA.

KEEP constantly on hand a large and well selected Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c. &c.

WINDOW GLASS, of all sizes. White Lead, Zinc, Fire and Weather proof Paint, Painters Colors of every description, Linseed Oil, Varnishes of all kinds, Brushes.

Our stock is very large and we receive every article in our line of business, all of which we offer very low for Cash, or to punctual customers. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. PURCELL LADD & CO., Wholesale Druggists, Richmond, Va.

Oct. 18 75

The Masonic Journal. GREENSBORO, N. C.

THE only Masonic Weekly published in the U. S. United States! Eight pages, thirty two broad columns. Treats of all topics of interest to the Craft. Literature pure, and is a Household Companion of which every Mason in the country may justly feel proud. Terms: One year \$2; Six Months \$1.25. Remit by P. O. Order or Registered Letter. Send stamp for specimen and get up a club. Address E. A. WILSON, Greensboro, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1816.

CHAS. SIMON & SONS, 63 North Howard St. BALTIMORE MD

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

Would call special attention to their extensive stock of Dress Goods, Linen Goods, Embroideries; Laces and Hosiery; the best assortment of Mourning Goods in this city.

SAMPLES SENT FREE!

All orders amounting to \$20.00 or over, will be sent free of freight charges by Express, but parties whose orders are not accompanied by the money, and having their goods sent C. O. D., must pay for return of the money.

Feb. 21 ly.



Dr. D. A. Robertson, Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Tuesday of every month. And spend the fourth week of each month at office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary. Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war. Orders left with Charles M. Parks will be promptly attended to. March 4 ly.

Marshall C. Camerore, Dentist.

Late with Dr. D. A. ROBERTSON.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. Charges moderate and satisfactory. References given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their Houses, until 10 o'clock, A. M. 1876. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall C. Camerore to any who may need his services, as a dentist, being sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession. Nov. 17 75. D. A. ROBERTSON.

This is to certify that Marshall Camerore, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 16th 1871 and ending Nov. 16th 1875. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall C. Camerore to any who may need his services, as a dentist, being sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession. Nov. 17 75. D. A. ROBERTSON.

PEPPER'S WHITE FRONT.

The subscriber hereby gives notice to his old friends and customers that the

WHITE FRONT

continues to offer its usual attractions, making it the most popular resort in the city of Raleigh. The OYSTER SEASON is just opened. Orders will be served in all styles and at all hours. All other delicacies of the season will be furnished. The best of LIQUORS and WINES and LAGER BEER. Call at the White Front. sept. 18 75. W. R. PEPPER.

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Terms of the Recorder for 1874.
For 1 year, \$1.00.
For 6 months, 75c.
For 3 months, 50c.
For 1 month, 25c.
Remainder always in advance.
Job printing done neatly and cheaply.
See fourth page for Ad. and Insertion rates.

The County Commissioners last week transacted nothing but routine business. The weather still keeps cool, but the full-blown Easter which is always a dread, has passed, and now we may look for warmer days. The peaches are probably all killed, but there is still a fair prospect for cherries and apples.

Tobacco planters in the county recovered after the loss of their plants by the freeze of the 20th of March, but most of them fear it is too late, unless with an extraordinary spring.

Workmen are engaged in erecting a bell for the Court House bell which at present lies useless on the porch of the building. This we trust is a beginning to the improvements in the Court House square of which we spoke last week.

In speaking of the bell, while we are glad to see the bell taken care of, we cannot but condemn the bad taste which marks the structure, and the bad judgment displayed in its location. It is an unsightly structure thrust most prominently forward, and destroying the beauty of what might be made, and what has been, a beautiful court green. And it is most likely to be turned to base uses.

Attention is called to the Ad. D. C. Parks, receiver. Valuable real estate will be put on the market, and those wishing to invest, have a capital chance.

Claud Brown makes a new and important change in his ad—which see.
See new ad. of Mrs. Mattie Taylor. In a visit to the establishment of this lady we wonder how our ladies go abroad to supply themselves. Certainly there is here as fair a display of taste, beauty and workmanship as can be found anywhere, and the array and variety of pretty things is enough to turn the head of a man at any rate.

Call at Mrs. Taylor's and judge for yourselves, and then we think your money will be spent at home.

If certain parties who visit our office are too poor to pay for the paper, we will be glad to supply them with a copy, but we would much prefer making them a free gift of it rather than that regular subscribers should have their taken out surreptitiously. This has frequently happened of late. Let the guilty ones read with understanding.

The question of Easter is probably settled with dissatisfaction to many readers. Many looked upon last Sunday as the true day. The great mass, however, and the churches all will celebrate the next Sunday as the true day of the Festival.

During the past week we were honored with a call from Brother Green of the Tobacco Plant. We regret our absence at the time, but believe that our pleasant visitor had no reason to complain that the attentions of the office were not fully extended to him. He will always find a welcome.

Brother Court next week and our Foreman, Mr. Freeman, will attend and will give receipts, (and old subscriptions, and take as many new ones as our Person friends will give him. Our low rates, the approaching campaign, and the value of the Recorder as a market paper, will we hope stimulate a large subscription.

Wake Court next week. A considerable number of witnesses from this county, are required to be there on Tuesday of that week. We remind them, that they may not forget.

ENTER RIGHT TRACK.
Some months ago the story of Henry Brown was broken open and a considerable amount of fine goods carried off. No clue was found until last week when a negro named A. Turner was arrested in Alabama and brought here for examination. He implicates another negro here named Dennis Haynes, a name well known in criminal circles—a man twice convicted before an Orange Jury, but discharged by Judge Tourgee in contempt of law and evidence, and turned loose again to prey upon the public. Dennis has fled. A. Turner was discharged, it being proved that he bought the goods alleged to have been stolen from Thompson without knowledge how they had been obtained. Justice is on the track, and the real rogues will soon be in hand.

The attention of our readers is directed to the attractive little advertisement, which appears in this issue, of Pools & Hunt, the widely known Founders and Manufacturers of Baltimore, Md. Several thousand miles throughout the United States have been equipped by this firm, and their Water Wheels, Steam Engines, Mill Gearing, Pumps, &c. are known and slightly appreciated in almost every section of the Western Hemisphere. When you need anything in their line, give them a trial; you will not be disappointed.

For the Recorder.
Pine Hill School House.
Mr. Editor:—We have been this morning looking at a few words through the columns of the Hillsboro Recorder, our most cheering companion. We feel happy to say that we had the good pleasure of attending preaching at Walnut Grove of this county on Saturday before the first Sunday last, though the congregation was small, owing to the inclemency of the weather, we had the fortune of hearing a splendid sermon delivered by the Rev. J. B. Martin. The import of his discourse was "We must work." He endeavored to impress the idea on all the minds of his hearers that there is something of importance to be obtained without labor. We believe it took deep effect, and we do not hesitate to say that we feel most sure that by the close of the present year, this good and able divine will have old Walnut Grove Church up to that working position that all good churches should occupy. The good people of this church and vicinity met on the first Sunday last, to organize their Sabbath School. The number was large for that occasion; some forty males and females joined the school. We predict a good Sabbath School at Walnut Grove the present year. We feel somewhat under obligations to drop a word of praise in behalf of the two female teachers of this Sabbath School, we like their exemplary deportment. Just the two to teach little boys and girls decorum, and set examples worthy to be imitated by both young men and ladies. As we have been so intimate with the superintendent of this school, we the first blush of infancy faded on his cheek up to the present moment of time, we feel both to you yet or may about him, therefore we will leave his laurels to be conferred by others, probably his better half, not by us. While we speak a word of praise about the good people around Walnut Grove we would feel it a great embarrassment on our part to leave blank the good men and women in the community of old Pine Hill, Person county. We challenge the world to beat these good people for accommodation, generosity, and charity. As has been stated in the Recorder heretofore, that Mr. David Poterfield had the misfortune on the 17th ult. to have his dwelling and all he had consumed by fire. Those industrious men aided and encouraged by those good women, did not hesitate but went right to work, and in nine days from this misfortune completed a good frame building containing two rooms in the same place where the old one stood, and Mr. Poterfield and family immediately moved in their new house, and are now comfortably situated, and feel that they live in a community of good people, who know how to pity the distressed, and who have learned that good old lesson—always act towards others as we would that others should act towards us. Mr. Editor, this is all this morning; please excuse my hasty written sentences, and remember me your most humble and unworthy correspondent occasionally.

Chicken Thief.
The chicken roost of Mr. A. J. Cates residing three miles and a half from this place was entered one day last week, and all of his chickens stolen except one, and he says if the thief will send him word he will send him the other one he left. Some of those is no doubt the worthless scamps who lay around the street corners in day time and steal chickens after night, when the poor hard working farmer is taking his rest. Watch your chicken coops.

THE PEOPLE WANT PROOF.
There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as ROSCHER'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular sized 25 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing everyone that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sold by Dr. O. Hooker Druggist.

Persons subject to sick or Nervous Headache, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Constipation of the Bowels, should never be without Dr. Wade's Liver Corrector.

"When thou art old and rich, thy blood must neither faint, affliction, limb or beauty, To make thy riches pleasant."

It is surprising how few books have been written on the disease incident to old age. We know of no work that would be more generally read by the medico-legal world, or in fact by all classes, than a "Treatise on the medical management of old age," written in a plain style and free from all technicalities, nor do we know of any medicine that is more happily adapted to the alleviating of the pains and aches of the aged than Dr. Turr's Liver Pills. While they act promptly they do not wrench the system or shock the most feeble constitution. In cases of gout, rheumatism, kidney disease, torpid bowels, indigestion, loss of appetite, their healing properties are truly wonderful. Their effect on the nervous system is prompt, quieting restlessness, imparting refreshing sleep and vigor to the whole system. The old and young will be alike benefited by the use of this truly estimable medicine.

The editor of the Hickory Press advertises tomb-stones for sale. He should reserve them for his delinquent subscribers.

Centennial Exhibition
AT THE
BAZAAR!
\$20,000 WORTH OF GOODS ON EXHIBITION.
To be sold for twenty per cent under cost prices.
All New Style Prints 7 and 8c.
Bleached Cottons cheaper than Manufacturers can make them.
A nice Stock of Sensible Dress Goods at very low figures, all the New Styles.
We have a Stock of
Millinery,
that will do to show any where, the most beautiful.
TRIMMED HATS,
We have ever kept from \$1.00 to \$10—Fine Stock New Un-trimmed Hats.
All the New Styles of Gents HATS, and
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Our Stock of Shirts is Complete, bought right from Manufacturers in Boston. A Complete Stock of.

Groceries,
To parties offering money for same. Coffee by the Sack, 25 or 50 pounds. Sugars and Molasses by the quantity. We will sell you these Goods for money as low as you can buy any where freight added.
Full line of
FERTILIZER.
We have Agency for Obers and Gilliam's Tobacco Compound, to Clubs wanting Eight Tons or car load, we will give the Manufacturers discount of five dollars.
C. M. PARKS.

Don't forget that the Town Election comes off May 1st. All those who do not Register cannot vote. Register! Register!
To the Conservative Voters of Hillsboro Township.
You are respectfully requested to meet in the Court House on Saturday the 20th April 1876 at 12 m. for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention to be held on May 13th 1876. All persons opposed to Radicalism are invited to unite, and it is earnestly urged that all who can do so without inconvenience, attend the meeting, so that there may be a fair expression of the wishes of the Conservatives of the Township.
JOHN W. GRAHAM,
F. N. STRUBBICK,
S. F. HALL,
G. E. STREYTHORN,
JOHN U. HART.

NOTICE.
The Board of Examiners will meet, on Saturday, May 6th in Hillsboro, for the examination of all, who may apply. All interested will act accordingly.
SAM'L W. HUGHES,
Chairman.

NOTICE.
SALE OF
Valuable Real Estate.
By virtue of an Assignment made to me by J. H. N. Brown, for the benefit of creditors, I will sell to the highest bidder for Cash, May 1st 1876. All the interest the said Brown may have in the following real estate, to wit: 1st. Store House and Lot where said Brown now doing business, subject to Mortgage, held by J. W. Robison for about \$2,500.00. 2nd. Four town Lots North of Male Academy, subject to Mortgage, held by D. C. Parks; \$500.00 and claim by Wade \$150.00, and Deemey Whitted for about \$75.00. 3rd. Thirty-five acres of land about 1 1/2 miles from Hillsboro, on Mount Willing road; subject to Mortgage held by D. C. Parks for about \$300.00. 4th. Forty-four acres west of the above named tract, formerly owned by the Wm. H. Brown estate; subject to Mortgage held by John U. Smith for about \$150.00. 5th. Seventy acres known as the Lockheart tract about 5 miles from Hillsboro; subject to Mortgage held by J. W. Cheek for about \$600.00. If there is any further information needed in regard to the above property, apply to the undersigned.
D. C. PARKS, Receiver
of H. N. Brown.
April 12th.

JESSE W. COLE & CO.,
NEW HOPE, ORANGE CO., N. C.
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Leather, Boots, Shoes and Hats, Hardware, Queensware, Window Glass.
Tin Ware, Stone Ware, Biscuits.
Standard Family Medicines.
Embracing an unusual variety of articles kept in General Stores. FULL STOCK.
All of which they will exchange for any kind good.
COUNTRY PRODUCE OR CASH
upon very reasonable terms.
It is such a convenient place for country people to make exchange.
April 5th 2m.

NEW GOODS
AT
NEW PRICES.
We are now receiving our
SPRING STOCK OF GOODS.
Bought very low and will be sold lower than ever known before. We keep every thing any body wants and take all kinds of PRODUCE in exchange for goods.
Come and look for yourself, and we will not charge you anything for showing.
JAMES WEBB, JR. & BRO,
15th March 1876 1m.

Centennial Exhibition
AT THE
BAZAAR!
\$20,000 WORTH OF GOODS ON EXHIBITION.
To be sold for twenty per cent under cost prices.
All New Style Prints 7 and 8c.
Bleached Cottons cheaper than Manufacturers can make them.
A nice Stock of Sensible Dress Goods at very low figures, all the New Styles.
We have a Stock of
Millinery,
that will do to show any where, the most beautiful.
TRIMMED HATS,
We have ever kept from \$1.00 to \$10—Fine Stock New Un-trimmed Hats.
All the New Styles of Gents HATS, and
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Our Stock of Shirts is Complete, bought right from Manufacturers in Boston. A Complete Stock of.

Groceries,
To parties offering money for same. Coffee by the Sack, 25 or 50 pounds. Sugars and Molasses by the quantity. We will sell you these Goods for money as low as you can buy any where freight added.
Full line of
FERTILIZER.
We have Agency for Obers and Gilliam's Tobacco Compound, to Clubs wanting Eight Tons or car load, we will give the Manufacturers discount of five dollars.
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D. C. PARKS, Receiver
of H. N. Brown.
April 12th.

JESSE W. COLE & CO.,
NEW HOPE, ORANGE CO., N. C.
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Leather, Boots, Shoes and Hats, Hardware, Queensware, Window Glass.
Tin Ware, Stone Ware, Biscuits.
Standard Family Medicines.
Embracing an unusual variety of articles kept in General Stores. FULL STOCK.
All of which they will exchange for any kind good.
COUNTRY PRODUCE OR CASH
upon very reasonable terms.
It is such a convenient place for country people to make exchange.
April 5th 2m.

JESSE W. COLE & CO.,
NEW HOPE, ORANGE CO., N. C.
DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Groceries,
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COUNTRY PRODUCE OR CASH
upon very reasonable terms.
It is such a convenient place for country people to make exchange.
April 5th 2m.

THOMASVILLE AND PHILADELPHIA SHOES.
Large Stock—Must be Sold
AT
Popular Prices only
BY
CLAUD W. BROWN.

GROCERIES.
Large StockShops, Dry Goods, Hats, Hardware, Crockery and Notions.
To which special attention is invited at POPULAR PRICES at
Farmers' Hall.
CLAUD W. BROWN.
April 5.

Hillsboro Tobacco Market.
NOTICE.
FROM and after this date our WARE HOUSE will be open for the SALE of LEAF
EVERY DAY.
A large quantity of Tobacco is wanted at once by Manufacturers both
PLUG AND SMOKING STOCK.
And we are prepared to handle to the interest of the Planter any quantity of all grades.
Bright Smokers and Wrappers
are especially wanted.
Although Tobacco is not high as heretofore, we can safely promise to at all times keep fully up to the very best Market Prices.
Remember the MONEY IS READY to pay for all the Tobacco you can bring. Bring in your Tobacco in
Good Order and Large Parcels
and you will take home more money than from other markets. So those who have tried us say.
E. H. POGUE & CO.
March 28th 76.

TALBOTT & SONS,
(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)
Shoekoe Machine Works,
CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,
RICHMOND, VA.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES.

AMERICAN
AND
Foreign Patents.
GILMORE & CO., Successors to Chapman, Gossamer & Co., Solicitors, Patent Attorneys in all countries. NO FEES in Advance. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. By a recent decision of the Commissioner all rejected applications may be revived. Special attention given to Interference Cases before the Patent Office. Extensions before Congress. Infringement suits in different States, and all litigation appearing to Inventors or Patents. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., for pamphlet of 60 pages
Land Cases, Land Warrants and Scrips.
Contested Land Cases prosecuted before the U. S. General Land Office and Department of the Interior. Private Land Claims, Mining and Preemption Claims and Homestead cases attended to. Land Scrip is assignable, and can be located in the name of the purchaser upon any Government land subject to private entry, at 1.25 per acre. It is of equal value with Bounty Land warrants. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., for pamphlet of instruction.
Arrears of Pay and Bounty.
Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and a full reply, after examination will be given you free.
PENSIONS.
All Officers, Soldiers and Sailors wounded, maimed, or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension by addressing Gilmore & Co.
Cases prosecuted by GILMORE & Co. before the Supreme Court of the United States, Court of Claims, and the Southern Claims Commission. Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under charge of the same experienced parties employed by the old firm. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to GILMORE & Co. is thus secured. We desire to win success by deserving it.
Address
629 F St., Washington, D. C.

John H. Tyler & Co.,
Successors to
MITCHELL AND TYLER.
1005 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware.
GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.
WATCHES REPAIRED in the best manner.
HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.
Prompt attention paid to Orders by mail or otherwise.
SEPT 21/76.

THE CHEAPEST YET.
A COMPLETELY MADE SHIRT \$1.25
These shirts are made of the finest quality of pure Irish linen, and have only to be laundered, before being worn. Being the manufacturers of these shirts we guarantee the material.
LEVY BROTHERS,
Cheap Note Papers.
July 20

HANDSOME GOODS.
Hand-Peired and Hand-Embroidered Garments for ladies, made in the contents of Paris. These goods must be seen to be fully appreciated.
LEVY BROS.
Cheap Note Papers.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!
A large assortment of LADIES' DRESS goods suitable for the present and approaching season. BLACK SILK very cheap. We show the best \$1.50 Grosgrain ever offered in this city. Black-Ground White Stripes Silk at 50c. per yard worth \$1.25.
Fancy and Colored Silks at great bargains.
LEVY BROTHERS.
Note Papers very cheap.

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS
and Nottingham Laces for Curtains; Nottingham Lace-trimmed; Crochet, Nottingham and Lace Trifles; Window-Shades, Cornices, Cushions and Window-Shades at
LEVY BROTHERS.
NOTE PAPER.

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, MATTING, MATS AND RUGS.
Brussels, Three-Ply, Ingrain, Wilton; Hemp and Ventian Carpets; Tapestry and Velvet Rugs; Crocus, Velvet, Brussels and Wool Mats; Oil-Cloths and Druggists at
LEVY BROTHERS.
Note Paper.

WHITE CAMBRIC, thirty-three inches wide, at 8c. worth 12c.
Lonsdale Cambric at 10c. per yard;
Chick Muslin at 25c. worth 30c. per yard;
Check Nainsook at 25c. worth 30c. per yard;
Tucked Cambrics in all qualities;
Swiss, Nainsook, Mull and Tulle Muslins in all qualities at
LEVY BROTHERS.

CASSIMERES, CASSIMERES.
A large assortment of CASSIMERES for boys' and men's wear.
A large assortment of Cloths, Tweed and Sateen;
A large assortment of Blankets;
A large assortment of Comfortables;
A large assortment of Quilts;
LEVY BROTHERS.
Note Papers very cheap.

STRIPED HOSE for ladies and children;
Gallatin Hose—bleached and unbleached;
Socks for boys and men;
Gloves for men, women and children at
LEVY BROTHERS.
Note Papers very cheap.

COTTONS ON PERFORATED PAPER
—fifty-two different notions now in stock;
Book and Bible-Marks;
Worsted and Silks for embroidery at
LEVY BROS.
Note Papers in great variety very cheap.

HIGH TOP COMBS—A new assortment!
Brushes of all kinds;
Colgate's Soap, Extracts and Toilet Water, at
LEVY BROTHERS.
Note Papers in great variety.

EXCELLENT CALICOES at 1c
and 8c. per yard.
Lancaster Calico at 10c. per yard;
Percales at 12c, 15c, 16c and 20c. per yard;
Shirtings and Sheetings retailed at wholesale prices;
Richardson's Irish Linen, the best manufactured, retailed at the cost price, and by the piece at less.
Chevyk shirting 18 1/2, 16 1/2, 30 and 20c.;
Bed Tick from 10 to 30c. per yard;
Linen Table Cloth, two yards long, at \$1 worth \$1.50;
Cotton Dyeing at \$1 for a piece of ten yards worth \$4.50, at \$1.50 worth \$2.75;
Napkins, oil pump linen, at \$1.50; \$1.00 and up to \$6 per dozen.
In ordering goods to be sent by mail send sufficient money to pay the postage in full.
LEVY BROTHERS,
1047 and 1019 Main street,
RICHMOND, VA.
March 23.

B. L. BINGHAM, & CO.
Wholesale Grocers,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Genl. Commission Merchants.
Nos. 6 and 7 Main St., 'New Building,'
RALPH, N. C.

THE highest Prices obtained for consignments
of Cotton and other Produce.
Bargains and Free Freight furnished to shippers and large dealers at the lowest possible rates.
Nov. 3/76.

